

# SoM-CAM test with FW4Y signals - second attempt

# Beam Development debriefing November 20<sup>th</sup>, 2024

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# Context



## First test on October 24<sup>th</sup> revealed:

- A presence of unexpected potential on the signal cable (174 V).
- Disagreement between LLCam data (with filter boxes) and SoM-CAM data (obtained without filter boxes); SoM-CAM readings were 2.5-3.5 higer than LLCam plus shifted by about 100 µA.

## Goals of this test:

- Use the same filter boxes (27 V Zener diode).
- Bias SoM-CAM readout with potential corresponding to Zener diode.
- Investigate the cable potential.

# Signal cable potential measurements

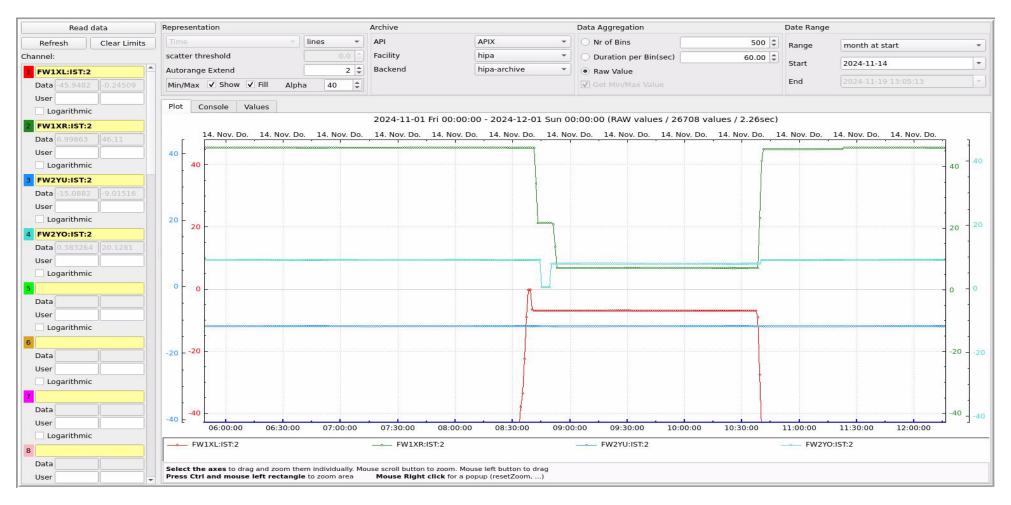


- Beam off, grounding at rack
- Voltage between cable shield and code measured at rack: 0.1 V.
- Voltage between core and ground: 55 V (FW4YU).
- FW4YO: 18 V at position of 8.15 mm, 22 V at 3 mm.
- FW4YO: 20 V at position of 6 mm, raising to 27.7 V when beam is on.
- Current measured at this position (6 mm) is 118-120  $\mu A$  (FLUKE multimeter), when beam kicker to AVKI it drops to 60  $\mu A$ .
- This is in contradiction with LLCam/SoM-CAM measurement at this position (~1 µA).
- When CW is shut down we still see 53  $\mu$ A and 30 V.

# **Beam conditions**

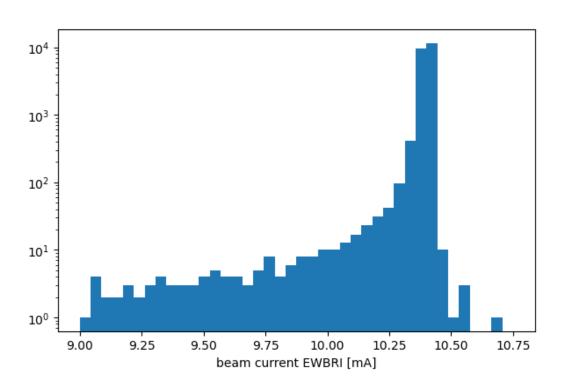


## Beam positions of the upstream slits: fixed during experiments at measurable levels:



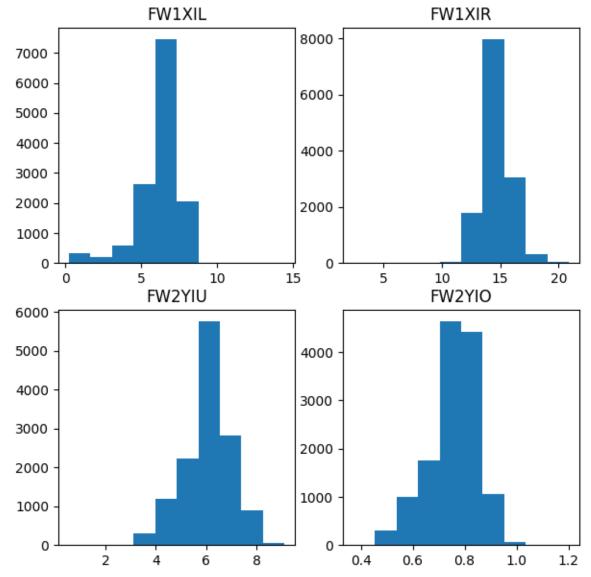
# **Beam conditions**





Beam intensity and signals on upstream slits.

Total beam current quite stable.

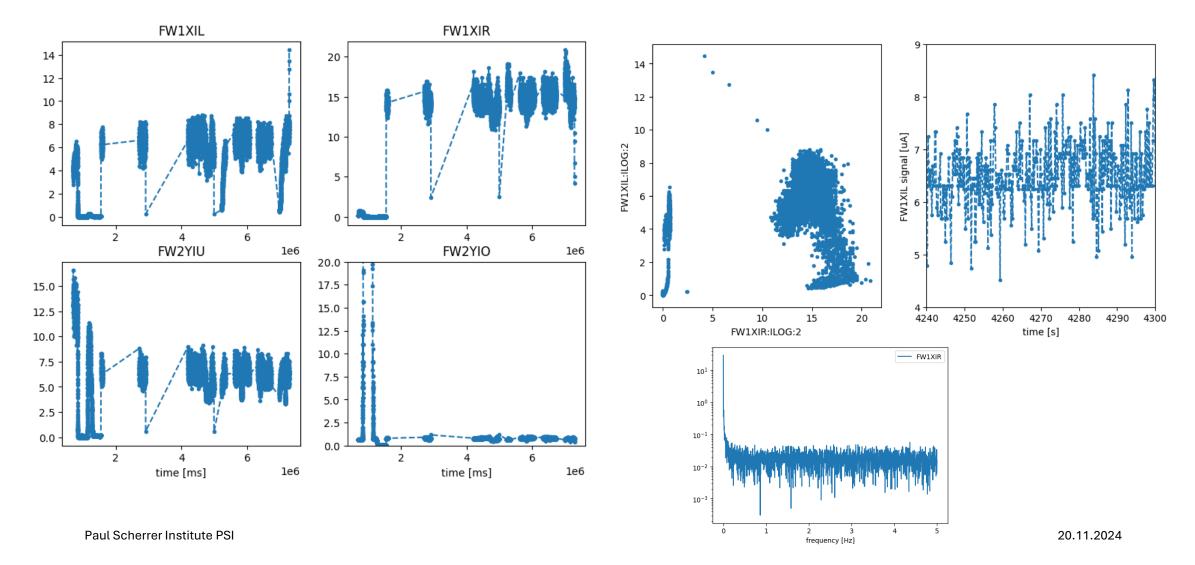


# **Beam conditions**

6

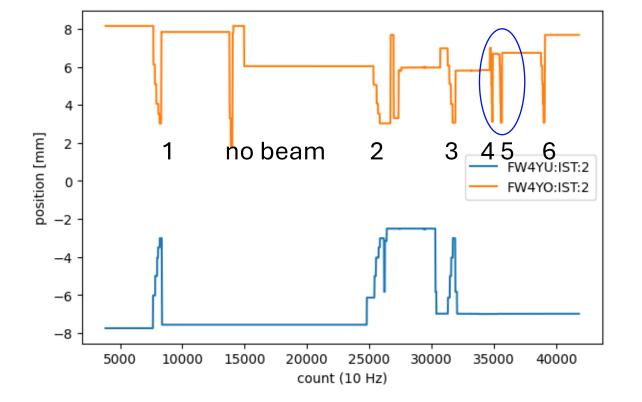


## Beam signals on upstream slits – lot of variation!



# FW4Y slit positions during the experiment





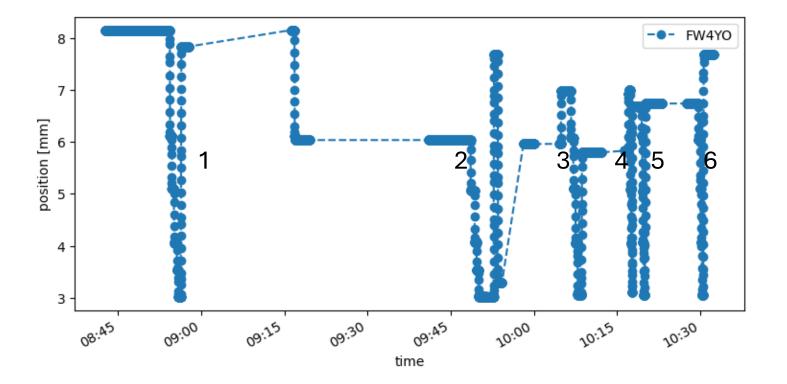
Five scans:

- 1. LLCam
- 2. SoM-CAM with filter boxes, grounded at rack
- 3. SoM-CAM, no filter boxes but +27 V, grounded at rack
- 4. SoM-CAM, no filter boxes, +27 V, ground at detector side
- 5. SoM-CAM, no filter boxes, 0V bias, ground at detector side
- 6. SoM-CAM, with fiter boxes, 0 V bias, ground at detector side

# FW4YO slit positions during the experiment

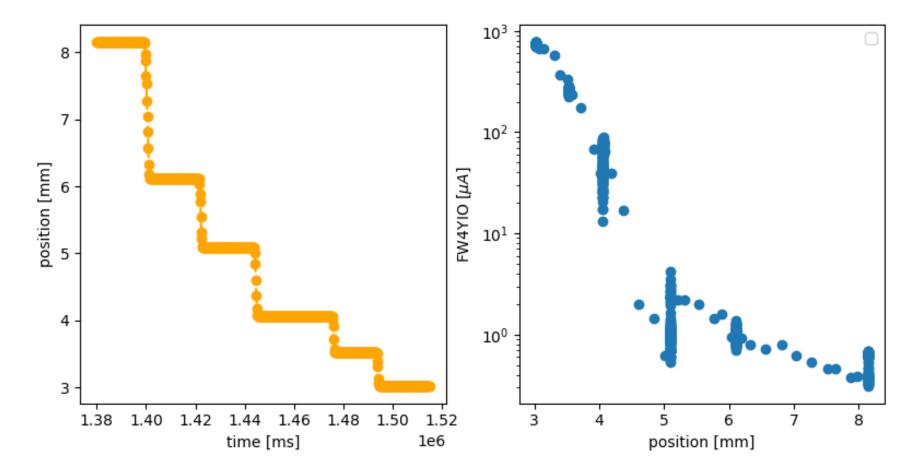


Analyse only upper slit data, bottom slit data look not good for LLCam (too much variation).

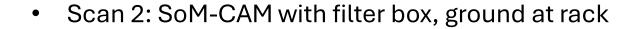


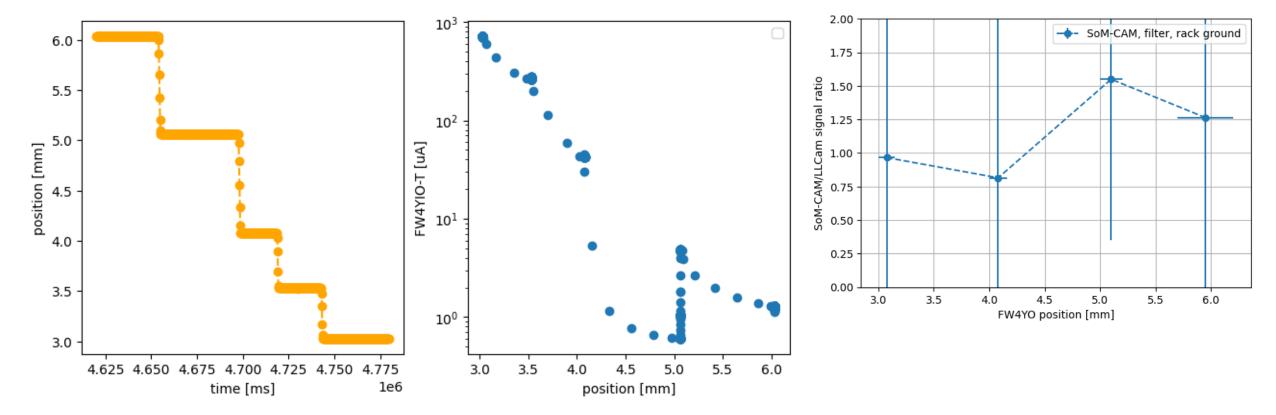


• Scan 1: LLCam data – lots of variations in measurements at fixed points!



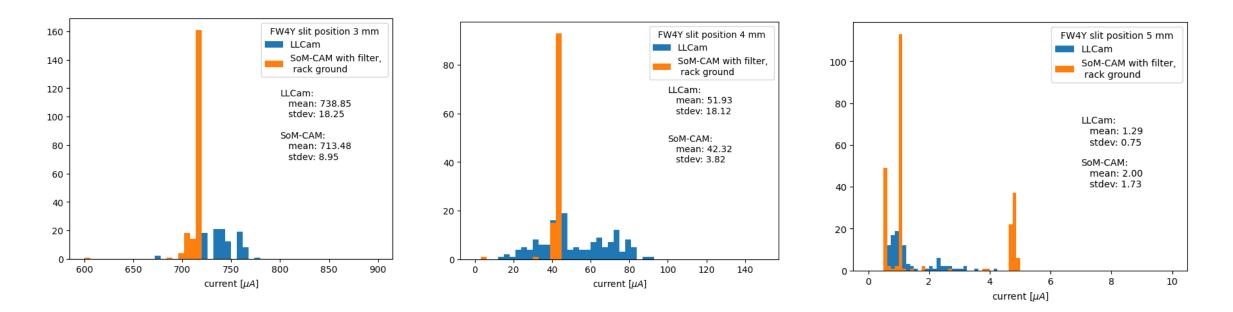






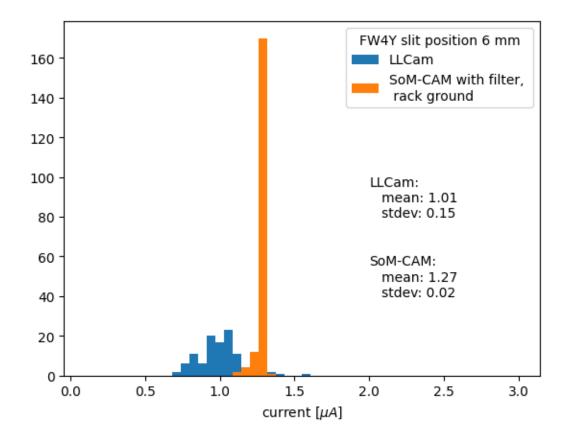


• Scan 1 and 2: better look at each position





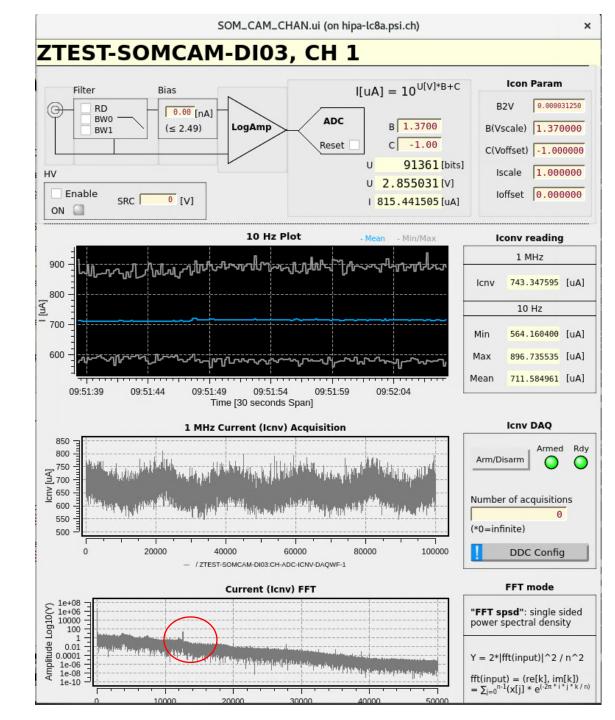
• Scan 1 and 2: better look at each position



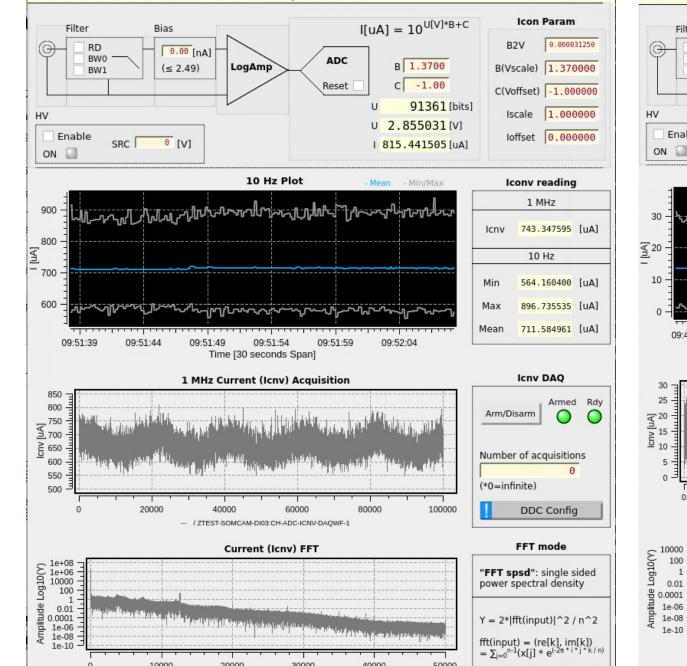
### SoM-CAM gives more stable readouts!

# It looks more like SoM-CAM feature than beam stability issue.

- Scan 2, position 3 mm(probably):
  1 MHz buffer and its FFT
- Units in 10 Hz
- Peak at ~120 kHz, other features.

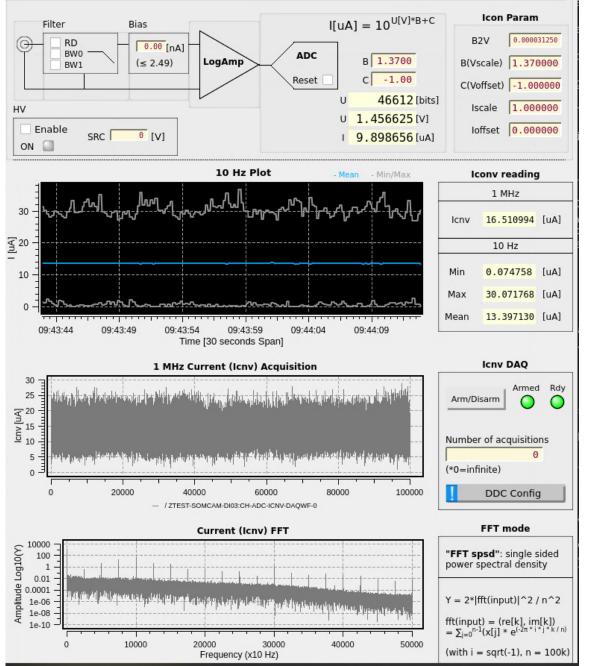


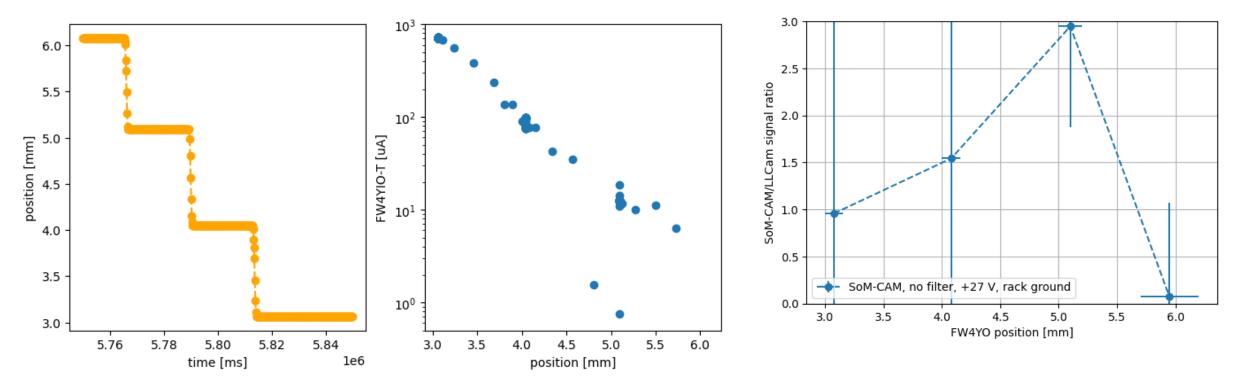
#### ZTEST-SOMCAM-DI03, CH 1



#### ZTEST-SOMCAM-DI03, CH 0

×



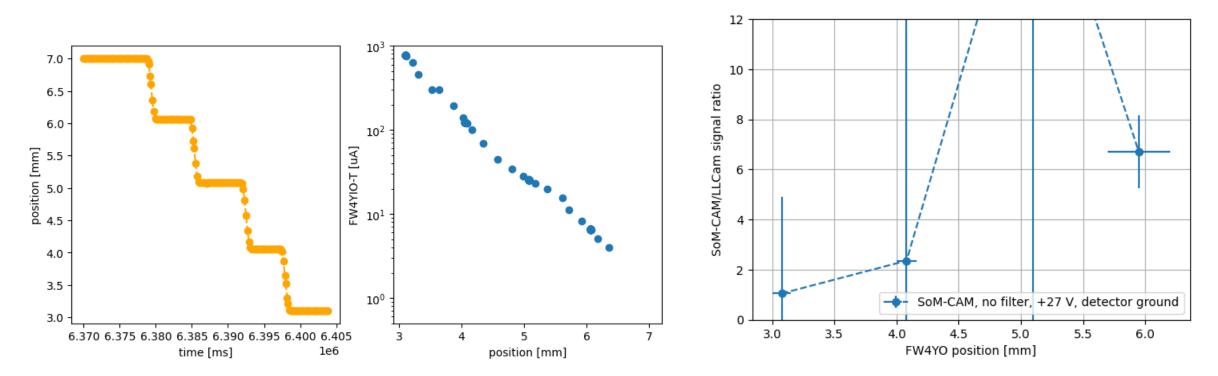


• Scan 3: SoM-CAM without filter box, bias +27 V, ground at rack



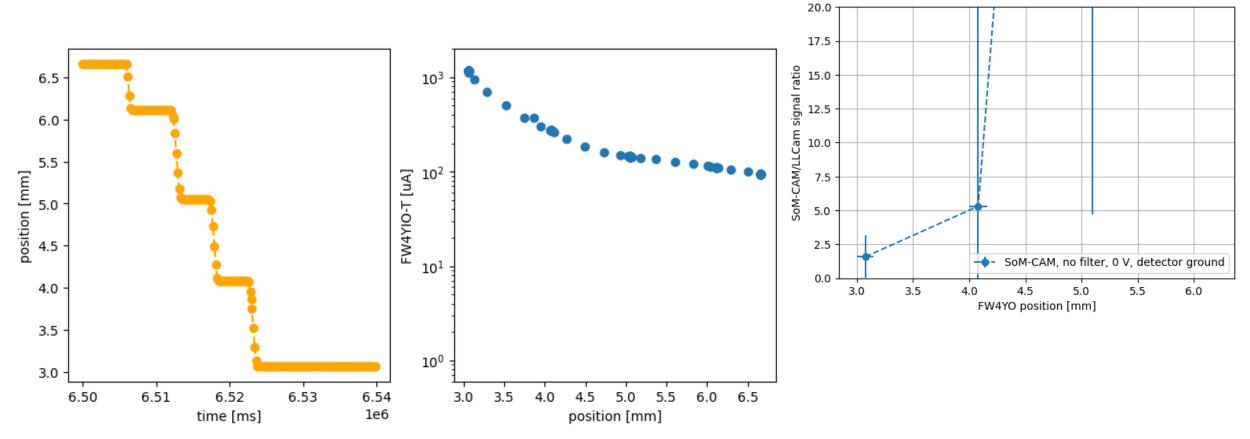


• Scan 4: SoM-CAM without filter box, bias +27 V, ground at detector



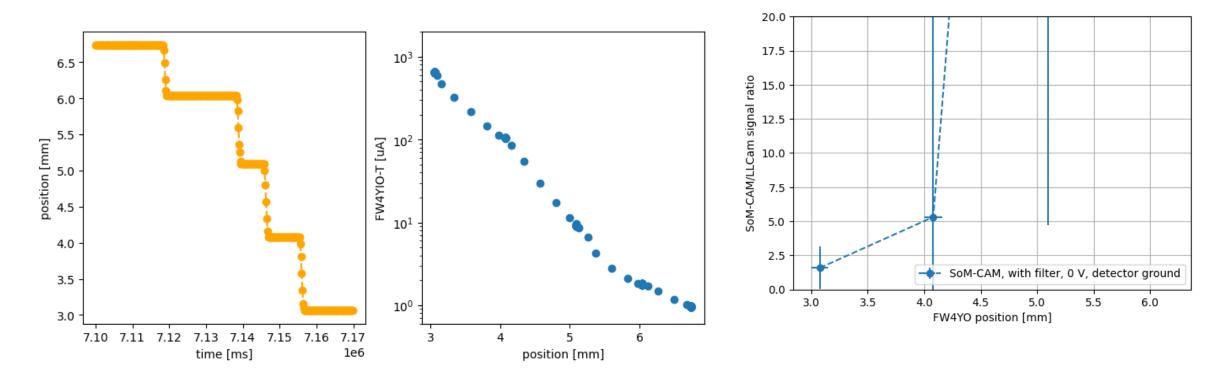






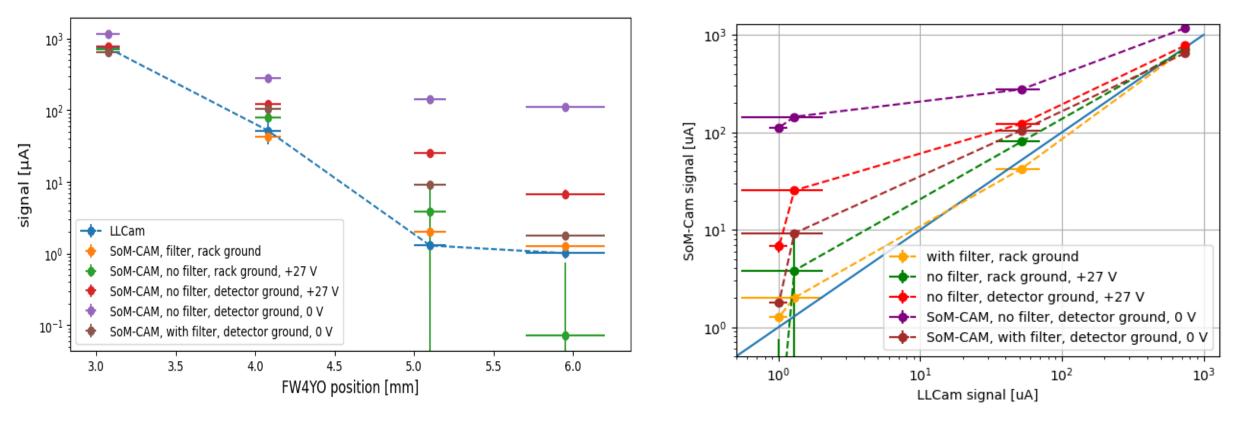


• Scan 6: SoM-CAM with filter box, no bias, ground at detector



# **Final plots**





Linearity: 0.968

# Summary



- SoM-CAM with filter boxes almost agree with LLCam.
- Removal filter boxes and applying +27 V bias looks not bad considering beam instability.
- Grounding at detector side gives significantly worst agreement with LLCam.
- Unfortunately, errors are large, beam intensity is stable, but it seems to wiggle!
- FW4YUnten data not good.